STAT STAT 15 February 1974 .IIIIOPFINDUN FOR: 'Ir. James Cooney Special Assistant to the Director of the Dureau of Domestic Cormerce Department of Commerce : Japan's Emports of Oil Country Embular Goods Br. Service Car In response to our telephone conversation we are forwarding you the attached information on Japan's emporus of oil country tubular goods. During the past year emorts of those item have risen thereby emissible actions of these delicates to Calle, and Fersian Out countries. Shipments slipped in November because of energy related problems affecting the steel industry, but we estimate that Japanese steelmakers can promoty boost their output considerably over the course of 1974. If there is any further information required on this **STAT** or related subjects we would be happy to oblige. STAT Industrial Hations Division Office of Economic Research Attachment: As stated Distribution: (S-5940)
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Japan's Exports of Oil Country Tubular Goods

- 1. During the first 11 months of 1973 Japan's export volume of seamless tubular oil country goods (drill pipe, casing, and tubing) increased 28% compared with the same 1973 period. Practically all the increase went to the United Arab Emirates, China, and Saudi Arabia. Exports to the United States and Iran decreased by about 10% (See Table 1). Shipments of oil country tubulars to oil producing nations comprised 27% of Japan's total exports of steel to those areas in 1973. Exports of oil country tubulars to all destinations declined by 15% in November compared with October as the energy crisis in Japan began to take its toll of steel output.
- 2. Exports of drill pipe, casing, and tubing will not increase much, if at all, during the first quarter of 1974 when overall steel output is expected to drop by 4 million tons because of fuel oil and electric power shortages. For the year as a whole, however, overseas deliveries of these goods could be increased substantially from last year's estimated 700,000 tons. Japan has the capacity to produce 9 million tons of pipes, of which about 1.5 million tons is seamless tubing

Approved For Release 2006/09/26 : CIA-RDP85T00875R001900010184-4

with an expected downturn in domestic demand for seamless tubing in 1974 at least some of that capacity can be shifted in favor to oil country tubular goods.

CIA/OER 19 February 1974

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| Japan: | Exports | οī | Oil | Country | Tubular | Goods |
|---------------|----------|----|-----|---------|---------|-------|
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| | 1973 | 1972 | Change |
|----------------------|---------|---------|--------|
| Total | 524,395 | 411,135 | +28 |
| of which | | | |
| China | 109,852 | 34,954 | +214 |
| Saudi Arabia | 67,146 | 38,914 | +73 |
| USA | 62,676 | 70,453 | -11 |
| United Arab Emirates | 44,995 | 8,333 | +440 |
| Indonesia | 39,995 | 41,038 | -3 |
| Canada | 28,681 | 25,838 | +11 |
| Iran | 25,074 | 27,802 | -10 |
| Singapore | 23,287 | 19,578 | +19 |
| Brunei | 20,723 | 11,618 | +78 |
| Nigeria . | 16,235 | 14,523 | +12 |
| Other | 85,73] | 118,084 | 62 |

CIA/OER 19 February 1974